



# Laugh Out Loud

**Mega Goal 2.3**

**Unit 1**

# VOCABULARY

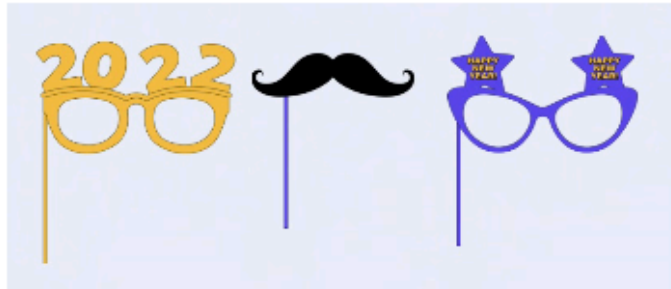
MAHDI  
EBRAHIM

## Nouns

جسم مضاد	antibody
مُساوي ، مُعادل	equivalent
مزاج	mood
إكسسوار في المسرح أو السينما	prop
نص فيلم أو مسرحية	script
مسلسل فكاهي	sitcom

## Verbs

يُحسِّن	enhance
يُرضي	gratify
يَحثّ، يدفع	prompt
يُحفِّز	stimulate



## Adjectives

أصلي، حقيقي	genuine
من القلب	hearty
منزعج	irritated
طب الأطفال	pediatric
متحيّر	puzzled
مُلفت، رائع	remarkable
لذيذ، يدل على حسن الذوق	tasteful
مُندهش	astonished
ناطق بلغتين	bilingual
يحبس الأنفاس	breathhtaking
له علاقة بالقلب والأوعية الدموية	cardiovascular
مزيف	fake
مفتون	fascinated



# Grammar

**Mega Goal 2.3**

**Unit 1 Laugh Out Loud**

	Present Participle	Past Participle
Words	exciting - interesting - frightening - amusing - irritating - boring	excited - interested - frightened - amused - irritated - bored
Examples	This game is <b>interesting</b> .	Players are <b>interested</b> .
	Skydiving is an <b>exciting</b> sport.	Mark is <b>excited</b> because he's going skydiving tomorrow.
Use	<u>لوصف</u> شيء	كيف <u>نشعر</u> تجاه شيء
How ?	I think that <b>table tennis</b> is <b>exciting</b> .	When I play <b>table tennis</b> , I feel <b>excited</b> .
Try !	I think that ..... is .....	When I ..... , I feel .....

**A.** Complete the sentences with the present or past participle of the verb in parentheses.

1. When Jack found out that he wasn't accepted to his first choice of university, he was disappointed. The news was disappointing. (disappoint)
2. Calling someone by the wrong name is embarrassing. I did it last week with a new friend and I was terribly embarrassed. (embarrass)
3. People who talk about themselves all the time are irritating. I used to have a friend like that, who irritated me all of the time. (irritate)
4. I'm never frightened by noises in the dark. It surprises me that other people think they are frightening. (frighten)
5. Many people find winter to be a depressing season. Months of rain and snow can make people feel depressed. (depress)

# get + adjective / get + past participle

something is changing or starting to happen.

شيء بدأ بالتغير أو بدأ يحدث.

Followed by an adjective :تتبع بصفة

The grasshopper and the snail **got impatient** waiting for the centipede.

Followed by past participle :تتبع بماضي تام

My mother **gets worried** if I'm not home by 10:00.



B. Complete each sentence with the correct form of **get** + an adjective or past participle from the box.

confused	علائق	dark	مظلم	dizzy	مصاب بدوار	excited	متحمس	rich	غني
crowded	مزدحم	dirty	مستعمل	engaged	متخطب	frightened	علائق	worried	مقلق

- 1. Gisele was supposed to be home an hour ago. I'm getting worried.
- 2. I prefer to use the gym early in the morning. It gets crowded in the afternoon.
- 3. I got confused and accidentally showed up for the appointment on the wrong day.
- 4. You know winter is coming when it starts getting dark earlier.
- 5. I think I may have the flu. I'm tired and I'm starting to get dizzy.
- 6. Kevin got engaged when he was twenty-four and was married six months later.
- 7. We're going on vacation next week. We're getting excited about it.
- 8. I'd recommend not buying white shoes. They get dirty so quickly.
- 9. "Setting up your own business is a good way to get rich," said the business man.
- 10. Dale gets frightened when he rides the roller coasters at the park.

# the ... the ... ( comparatives )

## Comparatives

big - bigger

funny - funnier

hard - harder

good - better

more ...

To say that the first thing has an effect on the second

للتعبير أن الشيء الأول له تأثير على الشيء الثاني

**The longer** the telephone call, **the bigger** the telephone bill.

**The funnier** the joke, **the harder** the audience laughs.

**The more** I get to know my classmates, **the better** I like them.



C. Finish each sentence with a **the...the** comparative.

 *The more money I make, the more computer games I buy.*

1. The more it rains,...
2. The better my English gets,...
3. The more TV I watch,...
4. The earlier the class,...
5. The farther we run,...
6. The richer you are,...
7. The older I get,...
8. The more sleep I get,...
9. The warmer the weather gets,...
10. The quicker we work,...

1. The more it rains, the higher the water level gets in the river.
2. The better my English gets, the easier it is to understand English TV shows.
3. The more TV I watch, the less I like it.
4. The earlier the class, the more tired I am.
5. The farther we run, the longer it will take us to get back.
6. The richer you are, the more stuff you can buy.
7. The older I get, the less I care what others think.
8. The more sleep I get, the better I feel.
9. The warmer the weather gets, the nicer it is for swimming.
10. The quicker we work, the more we'll finish today.

## Expressing Wishes

in the past ( now you regret )  
حدثت في الماضي و الآن نادم عليها

situation	wish
I didn't see the TV comedian.	I wish I had seen the TV comedian. Everyone thought he was so funny.
I switched off before the end of the TV show.	I wish I hadn't switched off before the end of the TV show. The ending was amazing.

S + wish + S + Past Perfect ( had + v3 )

- I played an awful video game.
- I didn't join your school.



- I wish I had played football instead.
- I wish I had joined your school.

## Expressing Wishes

in the present ( you know it won't happen)  
أحداث ترغب بها الآن و لكن تعرف أنها ربما لن تحصل

situation	wish
I feel down today.	I wish I didn't feel down today. I wish I could cheer up.
The comedian can't make people laugh.	The comedian wishes he could make people laugh.

S + wish + S + simple past ( V2 )

- I don't know any funny jokes.



- I wish I knew some funny jokes.

## Expressing Wishes

in the future ( you know it won't happen)

أحداث ترغب بها في المستقبل و لكن تعرف أنها ربما لن تحصل

situation	wish
He won't lend me his car.	I wish he would lend me his car.
My brother will leave for college soon.	I wish he would stay. If only he would stay.

S + wish + S + would + infinitive  
if only + S + would + infinitive

- He will not come with us.



- I wish he would come with us.

## Expressing Criticism

Use *wish* or *if only* with *would* to express irritation or annoyance with a situation or the particular action of someone else.

I **wish** he **wouldn't use his cell phone** in class.

I **wish** the children **would stop** interrupting.

**Note:** Use *if only ...* in the place of *wish* to express a wish, regret or criticism more emphatically: *If only it would stop raining, I wouldn't feel so depressed!*

للتعبير عن الانزعاج أو المضايقة يمكن استخدام *would* مع *wish* أو *if only*

**A.** Use the verb **wish** to complete the sentences. In some cases, more than one answer is possible.



Your best friend is a wonderful person, but he/she talks too much.

I wish that my best friend *didn't talk so much/wouldn't talk so much.*

**1.** I feel down. I think the weather is getting to me. It is so cold and wet.

I wish **it wasn't so cold and wet.**

**2.** He is stressed and run-down. He gets sick easily.

He wishes **he wasn't so run-down and stressed.**

**3.** Your parents won't let you go out tomorrow night.

I wish my parents **would let me go out tomorrow night.**

such...that / so...that

such و so تجعل الصفة أو الظرف أقوى  
استخدامهم مع that تبين السبب و النتيجة

such + adjective + noun + that

The new TV sitcom is such a funny show that everyone in my class watches it



so + adjective or adverb + that

The comedian was so amusing that he had everyone in stitches.

We laughed so much that we had tears in our eyes.

Can't, Must, May, or Might

الافتراض أو التخمين

Must

عندما تكون متأكد من أمر ما

Can't, Couldn't

للتعبير عن شيء مستحيل

May, Might, or Could

للتعبير عن شيء ممكن

The story about the green aliens **can't be** true. It **might be** a prank. It **must be** April 1st! (present)

The story about the green aliens **can't have been** true. It **might have been** a prank. It **must have been** April 1st! (past)

April 1st! (past)

B. Match the sentences.

⚡ I'm having *such* a good time.

1. \_\_\_ I'm having a good time.

2. \_\_\_ The food was so spicy.

3. \_\_\_ Emma is a popular name.

4. \_\_\_ The school is so selective.

5. \_\_\_ The company received so many complaints.

6. \_\_\_ My brother has won so many trophies.

7. \_\_\_ You have made such a big meal.

1. d. I'm having such a good time that I don't want to go home.
2. a. The food was so spicy that it burned my mouth for half an hour after eating it.
3. f. Emma is such a popular name that there are four girls in the class with that name.
4. c. The school is so selective that they only accept one student for every 100 applications.
5. g. The company received so many complaints that they had to recall the product.
6. b. My brother has won so many sports trophies that we've had to build a shelf to put them on.
7. e. You have made such a big meal that we will never be able to finish it.

C. Write sentences to speculate about the situations. Use **can't**, **could**, **couldn't**, **must**, **may** or **might** in your sentences.

💡 The boys look worried. They **must** have smashed the window.



💡 boys / worried    1. fans / happy    2. Nawal / angry    3. parents / sad    4. officer / surprised

1. The fans look happy. Their team must have won the game. They can't have lost.
2. Nawal looks angry. She may never stop shouting. / Her daughter must have done something terrible.
3. His parents are sad. He must be going to college.
4. The officer is surprised. The boy might have crashed into him.